

Data Protection & Information Handling Policy

Version 3.0 November 2023

ST JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC SCHOOL CHURCH ROAD LAVERSTOCK SALISBURY SP1 1QY



Success Criteria:

Context/Aim:

Our school aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with UK data protection law. This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

Monitoring Procedures:

<u>By Whom:</u> Finance & Premises Governors		<u>When:</u> Annually to 2019 then Biennially		How: Reports to the Full Governing Body			
Evaluation:							
By Whom: Business Manager & Network Manager		<u>When:</u> Biennially or following update in legislation		How: Reports to the Full Governing Body			
Revision History:							
<u>Version</u>	Approved and R	<u>atified</u>	<u>Review Date</u>		Additional notes		
V 4.0	November 2023	November 2023			Remote working addition		
V 3.0	October 2021	October 2021			UK UK GDPR updates		
V 2.0	October 2019	October 2019			UK GDPR update		

Vision Statement:

October 2018

V 1.0

St Joseph's is a co-educational, 11-16 Catholic voluntary-aided school in the diocese of Clifton and the county of Wiltshire. Our aim is to provide a caring educational environment where each person is valued and is given the dignity due to a child of God.

October 2019

New policy

At the heart of our school is the Christian vision of the human person. We want each member of our community to grow as an individual witness to the gospel values of love, truth and justice. We want each pupil to be healthy in mind, body and spirit.

Each member of our community should feel safe and secure in the learning environment. We aim to develop a sense of self-discipline and responsibility in our pupils. Everyone in our community should show respect for themselves, respect for others and respect for the environment.

We believe that each pupil should have the opportunity to enjoy and achieve to their full potential. We are committed to praising and celebrating achievement. We want our pupils to have high expectations of themselves to understand the value of service to others and our responsibility as stewards of the environment. Everyone has a contribution to make in helping to build the common good. We aim to equip our pupils with the ability to make good choices in their lives based on the positive relationships and values they have learned in St Joseph's.

We aim to help each of our pupils to develop morally and spiritually. We want them to achieve economic wellbeing while being mindful of the needs of others who are less fortunate.

We are committed to aspiring for excellence in all that we do for the sake of the Gospel.

Head teacher



National Policies and guidance/courses referred to and incorporated into SJCS Policy:				
Document/Course Title:	Document/Course Date:			
The Key	Model policy update			
Records Management Society - Toolkit for schools				
UK GDPR	25/5/18			

Other SJCS Policies that relate to this Policy:		
Securing & Handling data procedure (Appendix 1)		
Acceptable use agreement		
Child Protection & Safeguarding Policy		
Staff Code of Conduct		
Social Networking Policy		
Remote Working Policy		
CCTV Policy		

Legislation and guidance

UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK UK GDPR) – the EU UK GDPR was incorporated into UK legislation, with some amendments, by <u>The Data Protection Privacy and Electronic Communications (Amendments etc) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020</u>.

It also reflects the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information. In addition, this policy complies with regulation 5 of the <u>Education (Pupil Information) (England) Regulations</u> 2005, which gives parents the right of access to their child's educational record.



Definitions

Term	Definition			
Personal data	 Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable living individual. This may include the individual's: Name (including initials) Identification number Location data Online identifier, such as a username It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural, or social identity. 			
Special categories of personal data	 Personal data that is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's: Racial or ethnic origin Political opinions Religious or philosophical beliefs Trade union membership Genetics Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes Health – physical or mental Sex life or sexual orientation 			
Processing	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing, or destroying. Processing can be automated or manual.			
Data subject	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.			
Data controller	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.			
Data processor	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.			
Personal data breach	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.			

Saint Joseph's

The data controller

St Joseph's Catholic School processes personal data relating to parents, pupils, staff, governors, visitors and others, and therefore is a data controller. Data can be processed electronically or in paper form. The school has paid its registration fee to the ICO and will renew this registration annually or as otherwise legally required.

Roles and responsibilities

This policy applies to **all staff** employed by St Joseph's Catholic school, and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

Governing body

The governing board has overall responsibility for ensuring that St Joseph's Catholic school school complies with all relevant data protection obligations.

Data protection officer

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable. They will provide an annual report of their activities directly to the governing board and, where relevant, report to the board their advice and recommendations on school data protection issues.

The DPO is also the first point of contact for individuals whose data the school processes, and for the ICO. St Joseph's Catholic school has contracted St Joseph's Professional Services to provide DPO services. Their contact no is 01793 236070

The Business Manager is the data protection lead in school and is responsible for liaising with the DPO on behalf of school staff, parents and governors. Responsibilities also include ensuring staff receive regular training briefs and that policies and procedures relating to data protection are updated.

Headteacher

The head teacher acts as the representative of the data controller on a day-to-day basis.

All staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing, and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- Contacting the DPO in the following circumstances:
 - With any questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure
 - o If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed

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- If they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
- If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the UK
- If there has been a data breach
- Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals
- If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties

Data protection principles

The UK UK GDPR is based on data protection principles that our school must comply with. The principles say that personal data must be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed
- Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure

This policy sets out how the school aims to comply with these principles.

Collecting personal data

Lawfulness, fairness, and transparency

St Joseph's Catholic school will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under data protection law:

- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the individual, or the individual has asked the school to take specific steps before entering into a contract
- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **comply with a legal obligation**
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the vital interests of the individual or another person i.e. to protect someone's life
- The data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task in the public interest or exercise its official authority
- The data needs to be processed for the legitimate interests of the school (where the processing is not for any tasks the school performs as a public authority) or a third party, provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has freely given clear **consent.**

For special categories of personal data, St Joseph's Catholic school will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing under data protection law.

• The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has given **explicit consent**



- The data needs to be processed to perform or exercise obligations or rights in relation to **employment**, **social security or social protection law**
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual or another person, where the individual is physically or legally incapable of giving consent
- The data has already been made **manifestly public** by the individual
- The data needs to be processed for the establishment, exercise or defence of **legal claims**
- The data needs to be processed for reasons of **substantial public interest** as defined in legislation
- The data needs to be processed for **health or social care purposes**, and the processing is done by, or under the direction of, a health or social work professional or by any other person obliged to confidentiality under law
- The data needs to be processed for **public health reasons**, and the processing is done by, or under the direction of, a health professional or by any other person obliged to confidentiality under law
- The data needs to be processed for **archiving purposes**, scientific or historical research purposes, or statistical purposes, and the processing is in the public interest

For criminal offence data, we will meet both a lawful basis and a condition set out under data protection law. Conditions include:

- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has given **consent**
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual or another person, where the individual is physically or legally incapable of giving consent
- The data has already been made **manifestly public** by the individual
- The data needs to be processed for or in connection with legal proceedings, to obtain legal advice, or for the establishment, exercise or defence of **legal rights**
- The data needs to be processed for reasons of **substantial public interest** as defined in legislation

Whenever we first collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by data protection law.

We will always consider the fairness of our data processing. We will ensure we do not handle personal data in ways that individuals would not reasonably expect, or use personal data in ways which have unjustified adverse effects on them.

Limitation, minimisation, and accuracy

St Joseph's Catholic school will only collect personal data for specified, explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so, and seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary in order to do their jobs.

We will keep data accurate and, where necessary, up to date. Inaccurate data will be rectified or erased when appropriate.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the Information and Records Management Society's Toolkit for schools.



Sharing personal data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else without consent, but there are certain circumstances where we may be required to do so. These include, but are not limited to, situations where:

- There is an issue with a pupil or parent/carer that puts the safety of our staff at risk (vital interest)
- We need to liaise with other agencies we will seek consent as necessary before doing this
- Our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and pupils for example, IT companies. (legitimate interest) When doing this, we will:
 - Only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with UK data protection law
 - Establish a contract with the supplier or contractor to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
 - Only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service, and information necessary to keep them safe while working with us

We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so.

We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of our pupils or staff.

Where we transfer personal data internationally, we will do so in accordance with data protection law Subject access requests and other rights of individuals.

Subject access requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- Access to a copy of the data
- The purposes of the data processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- Who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- Where relevant, the existence of the right to request rectification, erasure or restriction, or to object to such processing
- The right to lodge a complaint with the ICO or another supervisory authority
- The source of the data, if not the individual
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual
- The safeguards provided if the data is being transferred internationally

St Joseph's school would prefer a Subject access request to be submitted in writing, either by letter or email to the school. However, a verbal request can also be accepted by telephone or in person. They should include:



- Name of individual
- Correspondence address
- Contact number and email address
- Details of the information requested

If staff receive a subject access request, they must immediately forward it to the Business Manager.

Children and subject access requests

Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents or carers. For a parent or carer to make a subject access request with respect to their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request, or have given their consent.

Children aged 12 and above are generally regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request. Therefore, most subject access requests from parents or carers of pupils at our school may not be granted without the express permission of the pupil. This is not a rule and a pupil's ability to understand their rights will always be judged on a case-by-case basis.

Responding to subject access requests

When responding to requests St Joseph's Catholic school:

- May ask the individual to provide 2 forms of identification
- May contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made
- Will respond without delay and within 1 month of receipt of the request
- Will provide the information free of charge
- May tell the individual we will comply within 3 months of receipt of the request, where a request is complex or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and explain why the extension is necessary

We will not disclose information if it:

- Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual
- Would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests
- Would include another person's personal data that we can't reasonably anonymise, and we don't have the other person's consent and it would be unreasonable to proceed without it
- Is part of certain sensitive documents, such as those related to crime, immigration, legal proceedings or legal professional privilege, management forecasts, negotiations, confidential references, or exam scripts.

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee to cover administrative costs. We will take into account whether the request is repetitive in nature when making this decision.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.



Other data protection rights of the individual

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw consent at any time providing assertive action to give consent to data processing has previously been granted
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- Challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- Object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- Prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- Make a complaint to the ICO
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances)

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the DPO. If staff receive such a request, they must immediately forward it to the DPO.

Parental requests to see the educational record

Parents, or those with parental responsibility, have a legal right to free access to their child's educational record (which includes most information about a pupil) within 15 school days of receipt of a written request. If the request is for a copy of the educational record, the school may charge a fee to cover the cost of supplying it.

This right applies as long as the pupil concerned is aged under 18.

There are certain circumstances in which this right can be denied, such as if releasing the information might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual, or if it would mean releasing exam marks before they are officially announced.

CCTV

St Joseph's Catholic school uses CCTV in various locations around the school site to ensure it remains safe. We will adhere to the school's CCTV policy as well as ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system should be directed to the Business Manager Mrs Voce.



Photographs and videos

As part of our school activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our school. We will obtain written consent from parents/carers, for photographs and videos to be taken of pupils for communication, marketing, and promotional materials.

Where we need parental consent, we will clearly explain how the photograph and/or video will be used to both the parent/carer and pupil. Where we don't need parental consent, we will clearly explain to the pupil how the photograph and/or video will be used.

Any photographs and videos taken by parents/carers at school events for their own personal use are not covered by data protection legislation. However, we will ask that photos or videos with other pupils are not shared publicly on social media for safeguarding reasons, unless all the relevant parents/carers (or pupils where appropriate) have agreed to this.

Where the school takes photographs and videos, uses may include:

- Within school on notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns
- Online on our school website or social media pages

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will delete the photograph or video and not distribute it further as far as is reasonably feasible.

When using photographs and videos in this way we will not accompany them with any other personal information about the child, to ensure they cannot be identified.

See our child protection and safeguarding policy and Social Networking Policy, Staff Code of Conduct for more information on our use of photographs and videos.

Data protection by design and default

St Joseph's Catholic school will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- Appointing a suitably qualified DPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge
- Only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant data protection law (see section 6)
- Completing privacy impact assessments where the school's processing of personal data presents a high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the DPO will advise on this process)
- Integrating data protection into internal documents including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices
- Regularly training members of staff on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance
- Regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant

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- Appropriate safeguards being put in place if we transfer any personal data outside of UK where different data protection laws will apply
- Maintaining records of our processing activities, including:
 - For the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our school and DPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices)
 - For all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, type of data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, any transfers outside of the EEA and the safeguards for those, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure.

Data security and storage of records

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage. In particular:

- Paper-based records and portable electronic devices, such as laptops and hard drives that contain personal data, are kept under lock and key when not in use
- Papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staffroom tables, or left anywhere else where there is general access
- Where personal information needs to be taken off site, staff must sign it in and out from the school office
- Passwords that are at least 10 characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops and other electronic devices. Staff and pupils are reminded that they should not reuse passwords from other sites
- Encryption software is used to protect all portable devices and removable media, such as laptops and USB devices
- Any portable devices and removable media, such as laptops and USB devices should not be used. If unavoidable, Encryption software must be used
- Staff, pupils or governors should not store personal information on their personal devices (see the Acceptable use Agreement and Remote working Policy)
- Where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected

Disposal of records

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it.

For example, we will shred or incinerate paper-based records, and overwrite or delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the school's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with data protection law.



Personal data breaches

The school will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches.

In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1. When appropriate, we will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours after becoming aware of it. Such breaches in a school context may include, but are not limited to:

- A non-anonymised dataset being published on the school website which shows the exam results of pupils eligible for the pupil premium
- Safeguarding information being made available to an 13 nauthorized person
- The theft of a school laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about pupils

Staff Remote Working

All staff must comply with these principles when working remotely.

- In order to access SIMS, Logon to the school server using sjcs.remote.org.uk when working remotely using individual network passwords.
- Do not use IT equipment where it can be overlooked by unauthorised persons and do not leave it unattended in public places.
- Use automatic lock outs when IT equipment is left unattended.
- You should not work remotely if there is a risk to your health or safety, for example during building work at home or in unsanitary conditions, or if there is not a satisfactory workspace for you to use. It is the responsibility of the member of staff to ensure that the working environment and space is suitable for remote working.
- Do not use non-ITS authorised ways of working or remote working products, like gotomypc or using internet cafes, when accessing school systems and data. VPN is the ITS- authorized way of working remotely and any exceptions must be authorized by ITS.
- Access to certain systems and services by those working remotely may be deliberately restricted or may require additional authentication methods. Any attempt to bypass these restrictions may lead to disciplinary action.
- Staff should be authorised to remotely access school information or systems by the Network Manager.
- When the school provides IT equipment to staff, it will supply devices which are appropriately configured to ensure that they are as effectively managed as devices in the secure office environment. Unlike personally owned devices which are managed by their owners, school owned devices will be managed by IT. Staff who have been provided with school owned IT equipment to work remotely must:
 - \circ only use this equipment for legitimate school purposes;
 - not modify it unless authorised by IT;
 - return the equipment at the end of the remote working arrangement or prior to the recipient leaving the school; and
 - not allow non-staff members (including family and friends) to use the equipment.
- Staff working remotely must ensure that information is retrievable. The access to information regimes

 freedom of information and data Protection gives the public rights of access to information held by
 the St Joseph's, and this covers information held remotely. In the event of a request for information
 staff must retrieve *all* relevant requested information, whether held remotely or on campus



facilities, and within a reasonable time so that the school can meet the relevant statutory deadlines for responding.

- No school data should be saved on a personal computer. The use of USB's or hard drives are discouraged unless encrypted.
- Printing of documents should not ideally take place out-with the school environment, particularly those of a sensitive nature. Documents can be saved on the network and printed in school.

All staff, pupils and others who work on behalf of the school must report any loss or suspected loss, or any unauthorised disclosure or suspected unauthorised disclosure, of any school-owned IT equipment or data immediately to ithelpdesk@sjcs.org.uk in order that appropriate steps may be taken quickly to protect school's data. Failure to do so immediately may seriously compromise the school's security and, for staff, may lead to investigation and potentially action under the disciplinary procedure.

Training

All staff and governors are provided with data protection training as part of their induction process.

Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.



Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure

This procedure is based on <u>guidance on personal data breaches</u> produced by the ICO.

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately notify the DPO
- The DPO will investigate the report, and determine whether a breach has occurred. To decide, the DPO will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
 - \circ Lost
 - \circ Stolen
 - Destroyed
 - Altered
 - $\circ~$ Disclosed or made available where it should not have been
 - Made available to unauthorised people
- The DPO will alert the head teacher and the chair of governors
- The DPO will make all reasonable efforts to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by relevant staff members or data processors where necessary. (Actions relevant to specific data types are set out at the end of this procedure)
- The DPO will assess the potential consequences, based on how serious they are, and how likely they are to happen
- The DPO will work out whether the breach must be reported to the ICO. This must be judged on a caseby-case basis. To decide, the DPO will consider whether the breach is likely to negatively affect people's rights and freedoms, and cause them any physical, material or non-material damage (e.g. emotional distress), including through:
 - Loss of control over their data
 - \circ Discrimination
 - Identify theft or fraud
 - o Financial loss
 - o Unauthorised reversal of pseudonymisation (for example, key-coding)
 - Damage to reputation
 - Loss of confidentiality
 - Any other significant economic or social disadvantage to the individual(s) concerned

If it's likely that there will be a risk to people's rights and freedoms, the DPO must notify the ICO.

• The DPO will document the decision (either way), in case it is challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach. Documented decisions are stored within the school's computer system.

Where the ICO must be notified, the DPO will do this via the 'report a breach' page of the ICO website, or through their breach report line (0303 123 1113), within 72 hours. As required, the DPO will set out:

- $\circ~$ A description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
 - The categories and approximate number of individuals concerned
 - The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
- The name and contact details of the DPO
- A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
- A description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned



- If all the above details are not yet known, the DPO will report as much as they can within 72 hours. The report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why, and when the DPO expects to have further information. The DPO will submit the remaining information as soon as possible
- The DPO will also assess the risk to individuals, again based on the severity and likelihood of potential or actual impact. If the risk is high, the DPO will promptly inform, in writing, all individuals whose personal data has been breached. This notification will set out:
 - A description, in clear and plain language, of the nature of the personal data breach
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned

As above, any decision on whether to contact individuals will be documented by the DPO.

- The DPO will notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals for example, the police, insurers, banks or credit card companies
- The DPO will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
 - o Facts and cause
 - o Effects
 - Action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals)
 - Records of all breaches will be stored within the school's computer system.
- The DPO and headteacher will meet to review what happened and how it can be stopped from happening again. This meeting will happen as soon as reasonably possible.

Actions to minimise the impact of data breaches

We will take the actions set out below to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information. We will review the effectiveness of these actions and amend them as necessary after any data breach.

Sensitive information being disclosed via email (including safeguarding records)

- If special category data (sensitive information) is accidentally made available via email to unauthorised individuals, the sender must attempt to recall the email as soon as they become aware of the error
- Members of staff who receive personal data sent in error must alert the sender and the DPO as soon as they become aware of the error
- If the sender is unavailable or cannot recall the email for any reason, the DPO will ask the ICT department to recall it
- In any cases where the recall is unsuccessful, the DPO will contact the relevant unauthorised individuals who received the email, explain that the information was sent in error, and request that those individuals delete the information and do not share, publish, save or replicate it in any way
- The DPO will ensure we receive a written response from all the individuals who received the data, confirming that they have complied with this request
- The DPO will carry out an internet search to check that the information has not been made public; if it has, we will contact the publisher/website owner or administrator to request that the information is removed from their website and deleted



- Staff should not remove from school any physical documents containing pupil or staff personal data to prevent it being mislaid or stolen
- Updating of the school website is restricted to an Assistant head teacher and the Head's PA to prevent personal information being uploaded.
- Access to payroll information is restricted to the Business Manager. Communication between payroll and the Business Manager is through a secure website.
- Employees are numbered for governor pay reviews. Only the Head, Business Manager and Chair of committee are able to identify staff.
- Governors are not provided with pupil names when analyzing results data.